CONSULTATION PAPER

Proposed amendments to the Pesticides Ordinance (Cap. 133)

PURPOSE

We propose to amend the Pesticides Ordinance (Cap. 133) to enhance the control of pesticides. You are invited to read this consultation document, and contribute to the discussion.

BACKGROUND

- 2. Pesticides are commonly applied in domestic premises and public places to control pests, as well as in agricultural production to improve yield and quality. At present, pesticides that are available in Hong Kong should be registered under the Pesticides Ordinance with the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD), which would examine the pesticides and register the product by their active ingredient. Activities related to the trade of pesticides are governed by a dual-licensing system under the Pesticides Ordinance and the Import and Export Ordinance (Cap 60). The former empowers the Director of Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation (DAFC) to register pesticides and to regulate their manufacture, import, supply and sale through licensing control. The latter empowers the Director-General of Trade and Industry to control the import and export of pesticides by licence.
- 3. At present, pesticides are registered only on active ingredients. On registration, they are classified either as Part I pesticides (i.e. in a ready-to-use form for domestic applications), or as Part II pesticides (i.e. all other pesticides including those in a concentrate form for professional and horticultural applications). The system allows pesticide traders to put on the market any pesticide products without further scrutiny by AFCD so long as the active ingredients are registered.

PROBLEMS WITH THE PRESENT SYSTEM

4. The main problems with the present pesticide control system are as follows-

Limited control over inert ingredients and brand name

5. In general, pesticides consist of active and inert ingredients. Active ingredient means any substance or biological agent that forms the biologically active part of the pesticide, whereas inert ingredient refers to any ingredient that forms part of a pesticide but without any pest control functions (e.g. diluting agent, colour dye, etc). Different combinations of active and inert ingredients would form pesticides of different effect and toxicity. Although the active ingredients of pesticides available on the market are registered, the inert ingredients of them are not subject to registration. means pesticides with the same active ingredients could vary a lot in effectiveness and toxicity owing to the differences in the inert ingredients used. Under the current registration system, there is little control on the actual products available in the market. Moreover, products with similar names may have very different registered active ingredients and combination of inert ingredients. These may confuse consumers as to the nature and toxicity of the pesticides they use and complicate medical diagnosis in the event of medical emergency.

Limited control on the use and availability of pesticides

6. The existing Ordinance does not regulate the use of pesticides or restrict access to hazardous registered pesticides. Any members of the public may get access to registered pesticides that are not formulated as "ready-to-use" or for household use, such as pesticides for agricultural purposes or professional pest control purposes. If such pesticides are not applied properly, it could lead to environmental hazards or affect the well being of the community.

7. The Central People's Government (CPG) has ratified two international conventions, namely the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants ("Stockholm Convention") and the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade ("Rotterdam Convention"), to deal with the control of hazardous pesticides. The Stockholm Convention is an international treaty aiming to protect health and the environment from persistent organic pollutants (POPs). Nine pesticides are identified to be POPs of which restrictions are imposed in terms of their import, export, The Convention has been extended to the production and use $(Annex\ A)$. People's Republic of China, including the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR), since August 2004. The Rotterdam Convention is another international treaty aiming to protect human from the potential harm of hazardous chemicals. The Convention covers 28 pesticides that have been banned or severely restricted for health or environmental reasons (Annex B). The contracting parties are required to obtain the consent of the importing party before exporting pesticides or chemicals under control. The Convention has come into force in Mainland China since June 2005 with a declaration that it being applicable to Macau Special Administrative Region but not to the HKSAR until the CPG notifies otherwise. Governments which have ratified the Conventions are expected to introduce legal and administrative measures to fulfil the obligations with their best endeavour. As the two Conventions require control of transhipment and transit operations of the pesticides identified for regulation, we intend to incorporate the necessary measures in the Pesticides Ordinance to fulfil the convention requirements.

THE PROPOSAL

8. We propose to amend the Pesticides Ordinance and its subsidiary regulations to improve the control of pesticides, facilitate trade of non-restricted pesticides, update fines and charges and implement transitional arrangements along the following directions.

I. Proposals to improve control of pesticides

(a) Improvements to the registration system

- (i) Establishment of four-part registration system for pesticides
- 9. We propose to replace the "active ingredient" approach with a "product" approach. The new registration system would cover both active and inert ingredients, concentration and formulation as well as intended use of each product. The existing Pesticide Register would be re-structured into four parts to reflect differences in toxicity, persistence, use pattern, and potential environmental and health hazards of pesticide products, as follows-

	Part I General	Part II General	Part III Restricted	Part IV Restricted
Usage	Domestic Ready-to-use	General Use Concentrates	Agricultural (Plant protection)	Public health, special pest control applications
Examples	Mothballs, aerosol sprays, bait stations, mosquito coils, etc.	Biopesticides, botanical extracts, less toxic pesticide concentrates, etc.	Concentrates for crop production, sport turf, landscaping, etc.	Concentrates and special formulations for public health pests, termite control, antifouling agents, etc.

10. The restricted pesticides would only be available to trained individuals with authorization from AFCD. The registration of a pesticide product is renewable every five years and the registrant can submit a request to remove the registration of a pesticide product from the Register. The system would facilitate control of availability of different pesticides and allow consumers to distinguish the nature of pesticides accordingly.

(ii) Enhanced control on product labelling

11. Under the proposed registration system, we would assess the safety of products and the accuracy of labels of all pesticide products before they are registered and placed on the market. For example, we would, where necessary, prevent individual manufacturers from supplying different products under the same product names. The proposal would help ensure products to be properly labelled and prevent misuse of pesticides caused by inaccurate labelling or confusion of product branding.

(b) Control of use of pesticides

12. We intend to ensure the safe use of pesticides by way of: (i) licensing of pesticide application service provider; (ii) requiring pesticide applicators to acquire necessary training and be registered; and (iii) restricting the accessibility of restricted pesticides to trained individuals.

(i) License pesticide application service providers

13. We propose to introduce a licensing system for any pesticide application service provider who applies registered pesticides in public places or in private places in exchange for compensation, which may include but not limited to pest control companies and companies that apply pesticides during their course of business, such as golf course operators, landscaping and horticulture companies, etc. The licensee would be required to maintain records of pesticide application; provide suitable application tools and protective equipment to pesticide applicators; and ensure proper use, storage and disposal of pesticides. A sample of pesticide application record sheet and pesticides stock record sheet are at <u>Annex C</u> and <u>Annex D</u> respectively. licensee should nominate a "responsible person" who has been registered as a pesticide applicator with AFCD to help oversee the management and operation of the pesticide application services. The proposal would impose responsibilities on the licensee to properly manage its operations to help ensure safe use of pesticides. The licence for pesticide application service provider is to be valid for one year.

(ii) Registration of pesticide applicators

14. To ensure that applicators who handle hazardous pesticides have the knowledge of safe use of these products, we propose that pesticide applicators should complete an approved training course provided by local training institutes and be registered. The course would cover topics related to safe use of pesticides, including understanding of labelling and safety requirements, proper application and maintenance of equipment and basic principle on pest management. Alternatively, a candidate may gain registration through seeking accreditation for the qualifications acquired prior to introduction of the amendment legislation or sitting an assessment imposed by DAFC. Registration would be renewable every five years based on the track records of the applicator. Pesticide application service providers would only be permitted to employ registered pesticide applicators.

(iii) Restrict access to pesticides

15. We propose that more hazardous pesticide products should only be made available for use by qualified and trained users, while less hazardous pesticide products would be made available to the general public with little or no restriction. Part III and Part IV pesticides under the proposed four-part registration scheme would be regarded as restricted pesticides and could only be made available to licensed pesticide application service providers and authorized individuals who have completed the necessary training.

(iv) Authorize trained individuals to access and use restricted pesticides

DAFC may authorize the purchase and use of Part III and Part IV pesticides by an individual who is not engaged in providing pesticide application service and does not apply such pesticides in public place. The individual should complete an approved training course or pass an assessment imposed by DAFC so as to obtain a five-year authorization. This proposal mainly caters for amateur gardeners and farmers who would apply restricted agricultural pesticides on their own premises or for the purpose of agricultural production. AFCD would offer training to farmers as an extension to the existing training programmes on pesticide applications.

- (c) Control of transhipment and transit operations of pesticides regulated by the Stockholm Convention and the Rotterdam Convention
- 17. Both Conventions deal with the control of hazardous chemicals including pesticides. At present, pesticides in transhipment or transit are exempted from the control of the Pesticides Ordinance. To fulfil the obligations under the Conventions, we propose to require shipping companies, carriers or other parties concerned to obtain a permit under the Pesticides Ordinance to import, export and tranship pesticides governed by the Conventions and for transit operations of the pesticides listed in the Stockholm Convention. As those pesticides are not registered in Hong Kong and are banned in many countries, we anticipate that the impact on the trade would be There was no import, export, production nor use of any of the nine pesticides listed under the Stockholm Convention in Hong Kong for the past five years and there had been no stockpiling of such pesticides since 2001. the past two years, there has been no trade of any convention-listed pesticides. The last recorded trade activities have to trace back to a number of transhipments of two convention-listed pesticides from 2000 to 2004.
- 18. Licensing requirement under the Import and Export Ordinance would continue to apply to the above trading activities except that carriers need not apply for such licences for air transhipment and transit cargoes provided that the following permit conditions under the Pesticides Ordinance are met:
 - (a) they have valid permission to import and export the pesticides regulated under the Conventions from both exporting and importing countries; and
 - (b) they notify DAFC within a period of seven days of arrival of the cargo with its details and relevant documents.

II. Facilitation of trade of non-restricted pesticides

(a) Deregulate the retail of pesticide products for domestic application

19. To streamline control procedures without compromising public safety, we propose to repeal the current licensing requirement for pesticide retailers who only sell Part I domestic pesticides in a ready-to-use form. The new product registration system would substantially reduce the risk of these products as every single ingredient of the product as well as the product label would be evaluated. The deregulation of such retail-licensing requirement is expected to benefit the current 1 600 licensed retailers involving a total of about 3 500 retail outlets.

(b) New permit system to facilitate trading of currently registered pesticides

20. Upon the implementation of the four-part registration system, pesticides presently registered but without a brand name (e.g. raw pesticides for production of other products) would be considered as unregistered pesticides. At present, a permit for trading of unregistered pesticides covers only one type of pesticide. We propose to introduce a new type of permit to allow traders to trade more than one of such pesticides of which status affected by the change in registration system under a single permit to facilitate trading activities. As the safety of those pesticides have already been evaluated during the product registration process, there would be no need for submission of technical data to support the permit application.

III. Update Fines and Charges

21. We would take the opportunity to update the charges taking into account the inflation rates and consider increasing the fines of the Ordinance. The updates fees will be charged on a cost recovery basis. A comparison of the fines is set out in $\underline{Annex E}$.

IV. Transitional arrangement

We propose a transitional period of six months to re-register pesticides on a product basis and realign the licence class for the existing trading activities in accordance with the four-part registration system for pesticides. A two-year grace period would be provided to license pesticide application service providers, to register pesticide applicators, and to authorize individuals for getting access to restricted pesticides. The provisions that concern the two Conventions would come into immediate effect upon passage of the amendment legislation.

COMMENTS ON THE PROPOSAL

Please send your views **on or before 20 March 2007** for the attention of the Plant and Pesticides Regulatory Division, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department by email, by post or by fax at the following addresses and fax number-

Email : pesticides@afcd.gov.hk

Post : Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department

5th floor Cheung Sha Wan Government Offices

303 Cheung Sha Wan Road

Kowloon

Fax : 2736 9904

24. You are also invited to attend one of the open discussion forums scheduled for 9 March 2007-

Date : 9 March 2007

Time : Session 1: 9:30 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.; or

Session 2: 2:00 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.

(The content of both sessions are the same.

Please choose one session only)

Venue: Lecture Theatre, Hong Kong Central Library

66 Causeway Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

If you are interested in attending the forum, please fill out the form at <u>Annex F</u> and forward to the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department <u>on or before 5 March 2007</u>. The relevant addresses and fax number are set out in paragraph 23.

Health, Welfare and Food Bureau Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department February 2007

Annex A

Pesticides listed under the Stockholm Convention (as at 31.12.2006)

	Pesticides	Relevant CAS No.	
1.	Aldrin	309-00-2	
2.	Chlordane	57-74-9	
3.	DDT	50-29-3	
4.	Dieldrin	60-57-1	
5.	Endrin	72-20-8	
6.	Heptachlor	76-44-8	
7.	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	
8.	Mirex	2385-85-5	
9.	Toxaphene	8001-35-2	

Annex B

Pesticides listed under the Rotterdam Convention (as at 31.12.2006)

	Pesticides	Relevant CAS No.
1.	2,4,5-T and its salts and esters	93-76-5*
2.	Aldrin	309-00-2
3.	Binapacryl	485-31-4
4.	Captafol	2425-06-1
5.	Chlordane	57-74-9
6.	Chlordimeform	6164-98-3
7.	Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6
8.	DDT	50-29-3
9.	Dieldrin	60-57-1
10.	Dinitro-ortho-cresol (DNOC) and its salts	534-52-1
	(such as ammonium salt, potassium salt and sodium	2980-64-5
	salt)	5787-96-2
	,	2312-76-7
11.	Dinoseb and its salts and esters	88-85-7*
12.	1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	106-93-4
13.	Ethylene dichloride	107-06-2
14.	Ethylene oxide	75-21-8
15.	Fluoroacetamide	640-19-7
16.	HCH (mixed isomers)	608-73-1
17.	Heptachlor	76-44-8
18.	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1
19.	Lindane	58-89-9
20.	Mercury compounds, including inorganic mercury compounds, alkyl mercury compounds and alkyloxyalkyl and aryl mercury compounds	
21.	Monocrotophos	6923-22-4
22.	Parathion	56-38-2
23.	Pentachlorophenol and its salts and esters	87-86-5*
24.	Toxaphene	8001-35-2
25.	Dustable powder formulations containing a	17804-35-2
	combination of :	1563-66-2
	Benomyl at or above 7 per cent, Carbofuran at or	137-26-8
	above 10 per cent, Thiram at or above 15 per cent	
26.	Methamidophos (Soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 600g active ingredient/l)	10265-92-6
27.	Phosphamidon (Soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 1000 g active ingredient/l)	13171-21-6) (mixture, (E)&(Z) isomers); 23783-98-4 ((Z)-isomer); 297-99-4 ((E)-isomer)
28.	Methyl-parathion (Emulsifiable concentrates (EC) at or above 19.5% active ingredient and dusts at or above 1.5% active ingredient)	298-00-0

^{*}Only the CAS numbers of parent compounds are listed.

<u>Sample – Pesticide Application Record Sheet</u>

施用除害劑工作記錄表 Job Sheet For Pesticide Application

除害劑施用服務提供者名稱: Name of Pesticide Application Service Provider:				牌照號碼: Licence No.:			
施 藥地 址: Address of App	olication Location	on:		客戶/聯絡人姓名: _ Name of client/contact	person:	電話: Tel:	
地點用途: Land use of Lo	□ 倉	sidence Re 車 □ 西	肆 原等 estaurant Off 場 nopping Centre	□ 花園 □ 其他	酉店 □ 公共汽車 Iotel Public Veh	· ·	
蟲害類別: Pest Type:	蟑螂 Cockroach]老鼠 □ 白蟻 Rodent Term		□蚊□蟆□ Mosquito Ant	_ /// _ ///	野草) g. weeds)	
施藥地點: Application Sit		房 □ 客廳 hen Dining Roo		前所 □ 走廊 □ 花 Foilet Corridor Ga		儲物室 □ 其他 Store Room Oth	ers
除害劑資料 Pe	sticide's Inform	ation:					
施藥日期	產品編號	使用量(稀釋前)	*施藥方法	施藥之面積	操作員姓名	從業員編號	簽署
Application	Product	Quantity used	*Treatment	Size of area treated	Name of Applicator	Applicator No.	Signature
date	No.	(before dilution)	method	(平方米/平方尺)(m²/ft²)			

*ST: 空間噴霧 Space Treatment SP: 定點處理 Spot Treatment PT: 周邊處理 Perimeter Treatment AT: 全面處理 All Surface Treatment C&C: 間隙處理 Crack & Crevice Treatment

<u>Sample – Pesticides Stock Record Sheet</u>

除害劑購買、使用及存量記錄 Pesticides Stock Record

公司名稱:				
Company Na	me:			
除害劑施用原	服務提供者號碼:			
Pesticide App	olication Service Provider No.:			
除害劑名稱:		產品編	號:	
Name of Pest	ticide:	Product	No.:	
日期 Date	供應商名稱或入口證號碼 Name of Supplier or Import Licence no.	購入量 (公斤/升) Purchase Quantity (KG/L)	使用量 (公斤/升) Quantity Used (KG/L)	結存 (公斤/升) Balance (KG/L)
			,	
公司印鑑:	4	公司負責人簽署:		
Company Ch		Signature of Responsib	le Person:	

Annex E

Comparison of existing and proposed maximum penalty for offences under the Pesticides Ordinance

	Offence	Existing maximum penalty	Proposed maximum penalty
-	Engaging in trade of pesticides without pesticide licence or permit*	and	Level 6 (\$100,000) and
-	Providing pesticide application service without pesticide application service provider licence	1 year imprisonment	1 year imprisonment
-	Engaging in pesticide application service as a pesticide applicator without registration		
-	Purchase and use of restricted pesticide without authorization		
-	Contravention of pesticide licence or permit conditions*	Level 4 (\$25,000) and	Level 5 (\$50,000) and
-	Contravention of pesticide application service provider licence conditions	6 months imprisonment	6 months imprisonment
-	Contravention of pesticide applicator registration conditions		
-	Contravention of authorization conditions for purchase and use of restricted pesticides		
-	Obstruction of public officers*	Level 3 (\$10,000) and 6 months imprisonment	Level 4 (\$25,000) and 6 months imprisonment
-	Failure to apply for variation of ingredient of registered pesticide	Level 1 (\$2,000) and	Level 2 (\$5,000) and
-	Contravention of regulations and other minor offences*	6 months imprisonment	6 months imprisonment

^{*} Existing offences

Public Consultation Forum on Proposed Amendments to the Pesticides Ordinance **Reply Slip** (Please reply to AFCD before 5th March)

To:	C	e, Fisheries and Conservation Department Fax No. : 2736 9904 Pesticides Regulatory Division		
Address:	Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department 5th floor, Cheung Sha Wan Government Offices, 303 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong			
consultatio	n forum on	representative * will attend Session 1/Session 2* of the public 9th March 2007 at the Lecture Theatre of the Hong Kong seway Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.		
	Name:			
	Tel. No.:	Fax:		
(For repre	E-mail: crict Council esentative of ct Council):			
For compa	ny representa	tive, please provide the following information:		
	npany Name In Chinese):			
(In English):	-		
Nature	of business:	Pest Control / Cleaning / Horticulture / Environmental Engineering / Others		
	Post Title:			
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		Date:		