QUARTERLY AQUATIC ANIMAL DISEASE REPORT

Country: Hong Kong SAR, China Period: January - March 2004

Item	1	Disease status a/			<u></u>
ISEASES PREVALENT IN THE REGION Month			Level of	Epidemiological comment	
FINFISH DISEASES	January February March		diagnosis	numbers	
OIE-listed diseases	January	rebluary	Maich		
Epizootic haematopoietic necrosis	0000	0000	0000	II	
Infectious haematopoietic necrosis	0000	0000	0000	III	
3. Oncorhynchus masou virus disease	0000	0000	0000	II	
4. Spring viraemia of carp	0000	0000	0000	III	
5. Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia	0000	0000	0000	III	
6. Viral encephalopathy and retinopathy	-	+	-	III	1.
7. Infectious pancreatic necrosis	0000	0000	0000	III	1.
8. Epizootic ulcerative syndrome (EUS)	0000	0000	0000	II	
9. Bacterial kidney disease	0000	0000	0000	III	
10. Red seabream iridoviral disease	0000	0000	0000	III	
11. Enteric septicaemia of catfish	0000	0000	0000	111	
Non OIE-listed diseases relevant to the region	0000	0000	0000		
12. Epitheliocystis	+? (2002)	0000	0000	II	2.
13. Grouper iridoviral disease	+: (2002)			III	2.
14. Infection with koi herpesvirus	0000	0000	0000	II	+
*	0000	0000	0000	11	
MOLLUSC DISEASES OIE-listed diseases					
	0000	0000	0000	II	+
1. Infection with Bonamia exitiosa	0000				
2. Infection with Mikrocytos roughleyi	0000	0000	0000	II	
3. Infection with <i>Haplosporidium nelsoni</i>	0000	0000	0000	II	
4. Infection with <i>Marteilia sydneyi</i>	0000	0000	0000	II	1
5. Infection with <i>Perkinsus olseni/atlanticus</i> ^{b/})	0000	0000	0000	II	1
Non OIE-listed diseases relevant to the region	0000	0000	0000	11	
6. Infection with Marteilioides chungmuensis	0000	0000	0000	II	1
CRUSTACEAN DISEASES					1
OIE-listed diseases	0000	0000	0000	III	
1. Taura syndrome	0000	0000	0000	III	2
2. White spot disease	+? (2003)	-	-	III	3.
3. Yellowhead disease (YH virus, gill-associated virus)	0000	0000	0000	III	
4. Spherical baculovirosis (<i>Penaeus monodon</i> -type baculovirus)	0000	0000	0000	II	
5. Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis	0000	0000	0000	II	
6. Spawner-isolated mortality virus disease	0000	0000	0000	II	
7. Tetrahedral baculovirosis (<i>Baculovirus penaei</i>)	0000	0000	0000	II	
8. Necrotising hepatopancreatitis	0000	0000	0000	II	
Non OIE-listed diseases relevant to the region	0000	0000	0000		1
9. Baculoviral midgut gland necrosis	0000	0000	0000	II	1
UNKNOWN DISEASES OF A SERIOUS NATURE	0000	0000	0000		
1. Koi mass mortality	0000	0000	0000	II	
2. Akoya oyster disease	0000	0000	0000	II	
3. Abalone viral mortality	0000	0000	0000	II	
ANY OTHER DISEASES OF IMPORTANCE					
1.					
2.					

2. Akoya oyster disease		0000	0000	0000	II	
3. Abalone viral mortality		0000	0000	0000	II	
1.	DISEASES OF IMPORTANCE					
2.						
Prepared by:		Endor	sed by (OIE l	Delegate):		
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Signature:		Signat	ure:			
Date:		Date:				

DISEASES PRESUMED EXOTIC TO THE REGION, BUT LISTED BY THE OIE $\frac{c}{c}$)

Finfish: Channel catfish virus disease; Infectious salmon anaemia; Piscirickettsiosis; Gyrodactylosis (Gyrodactylus salaris); White sturgeon iridoviral disease

Molluscs: Infection with Bonamia ostreae; Marteilia refringens; Mikrocytos mackini; Perkinsus marinus; Candidatus Xenohaliotis californiensis; Hapolosporidium costale

Crustaceans: Crayfish plague (Aphanomyces astaci)

<u>a</u> / Pleas	se use the following symbols:		
		+()	Occurrence limited to certain zones
+	Disease reported or known to be present	***	No information available
+?	Serological evidence and/or isolation of causative agent but	0000	Never reported
	no clinical diseases	-	Not reported (but disease is known to occur)
?	Suspected by reporting officer but presence not confirmed	(year)	Year of last occurrence

b/ Perkinsus olseni and P.atlanticus are now considered conspecific. They may have different host species in different regions, and countries are encouraged to provide epidemiological comments where either of these agents occur.

1. Epidemiological comments:

(Comments should include: 1) Origin of the disease or pathogen (history of the disease); 2) Species affected; 3) Disease characteristics (unusual clinical signs or lesions); 4) Pathogen (isolated/sero-typed); 5) Mortality rate (high/low; decreasing/increasing); 6) Death toll (economic loss, etc); 7) Size of infected areas or names of infected areas; 8) Preventive/control measures taken; 9) Samples sent to national or international laboratories for confirmation (indicate the names of laboratories); 10) Published paper (articles in journals/website, etc). and 11) Unknown diseases: describe details as much as possible.)

Comment No.	
1.	On 14 th February some wild-caught grey mullet fry suffered losses due to high ammonia levels in the pond associated with high pH, and subsequent secondary disease. A nodavirus was detected by PCR, but no histological changes were found in the brain or eyes. On 17 th February some imported green grouper eggs were submitted for screening before being grown out at a culture facility. The eggs were positive for a nodavirus by PCR.
2.	No further cases reported.
3.	No further cases reported.

2. New aquatic animal health regulations introduced within past six months (with effective date):

 $[\]underline{c}$ / If there is suspicion or confirmation of any of these diseases, they must be reported immediately, because the region is considered free of these diseases.