# 船錨對珊瑚造成的威脅

- 船錨和鐵鏈拋放在珊瑚上或在 其上拖行
- 船隻在風向改變或潮退時擱淺
- 錨鏈或繩索纏繞珊瑚,令珊瑚折斷

#### Anchor threat to the coral

- A vessel's anchor and chain dropping or dragging on coral
- A vessel grounding when the wind changes or the tide ebbs
- A chain or rope wrapping around coral and breaking pieces off





# "不宜碇泊區"功用

為保護珊瑚,"不宜碇泊區"作用能有效提醒駕駛船隻人 士應避免在"不宜碇泊區"內下錨停泊。提醒駕駛船隻 體型較大的人士應避免駛進"不宜碇泊區"或其他淺水 珊瑚區以免造成擱淺、損毀珊瑚及船身。能提醒水肺和 徒手潛水人士該處為珊瑚區,請遵守海洋護理守則,初 學水肺潛水的人士,若未能純熟控制 浮力,亦應避免在珊瑚區進行潛 水活動。



# Functions of the "No-anchoring area"

To protect corals, "No-anchoring area" can be used as an indicator for the vessel operator to avoid anchoring their boats inside the "No-anchoring area". To remind operator of vessels with considerable size not to enter the "No-anchoring area" and avoid sailing over any shallow coral area, as this may cause groundings, damage large area of corals and the vessel itself. Also remind the divers and snorkelers, to observe and follow the best environmental practices when visiting the coral sites where this area is with high coral coverage. Novice SCUBA divers who do not have good buoyancy control skill should also avoid



diving at coral sites.

監察珊瑚標誌浮標的效用,並且透過宣傳教育,推廣 "不宜碇泊區"的設立和功能。

#### Work of AFCD

Monitor the effectiveness of the coral marker buoys and promote the existence and functions of the "No-anchoring area" through education and publicity.

漁農自然護理署 二零一五年六月 Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department June 2015

查詢 Enquiries:1823



香港生物多樣性策略及行動計劃 Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (BSAP) for Hong Kong www.afcd.gov.hk/bsap



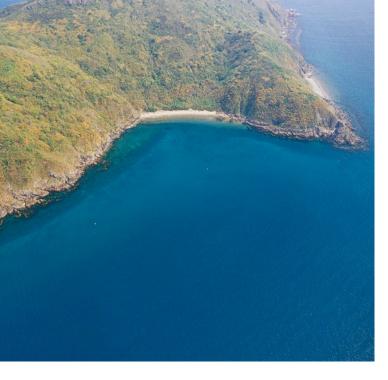
# <mark>請勿在赤洲"不宜碇泊區"拋錨</mark>

Not to anchor in "No-anchoring Area" of Port Island









赤洲位於赤門入口、塔門以北,島上西北面一個細小 而平靜的海灣長滿珊瑚,是香港東北部水域其中一個最 佳的珊瑚生長地點。赤洲海岸遍佈珊瑚群落,石珊瑚的 覆蓋率超過60%,而數量最多的是一些脆弱的品種,例 如扁腦珊瑚(Platygyra sp.) 和角孔珊瑚(Goniopora sp.)。漁農自然護理署(漁護署)已於二零零四年二月 在這區域設置四個珊瑚標誌浮標,珊瑚標誌浮標劃出珊 瑚覆蓋率高的範圍,提醒駕駛船隻人士避免在該範圍下 錨停泊,成效顯著。

Port Island is situated at the entrance of Tolo Channel and north of Tap Mun. The corals at Port Island are located in a small sheltered bay in the northwestern side of the island. It possesses a fringing coral community characterized by high coral coverage over 60% and dominated by fragile coral species such as Platygyra sp. and Goniopora sp. Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD) installed four coral marker buoys at this area in February 2004. The coral marker buoys serve to mark off areas with high coral coverage and notify the marine users to avoid using the area for boat anchoring. It is proved to be an effective measure.

# "不宜碇泊區"位置

"不宜碇泊區"位置設立在赤洲的西北面,由4個印有 "珊瑚區 請勿在此浮標以內水域拋錨" 黃色珊瑚標誌 浮標劃出珊瑚覆蓋率高的範圍,提醒駕駛船隻人士避 免在該範圍下錨停泊。其位置見地圖所示,該處範圍 近岸位置長有珊瑚。

Location of the "No-anchoring area"

"No-anchoring area" was set up at the northwestern side of Port Island, indicated by 4 yellow coral marker buoys marked with "Coral area Please do not anchor inshore side of this marker" to mark off areas with high coral coverage and notify the marine users to avoid using the area for boat anchoring. The location of which is marked in the map, close to the shore contains fragile coral communities.



珊瑚區 請勿在此浮標

以內水域拋錨

CORAL AREA

Please do not anchor hore side of this man

- 珊瑚擁有脆弱的鈣化外骨骼
- 生長速度緩慢,有些珊瑚每年生長少於1厘米
- 在 10 米水深以上生長

#### Characteristics of corals

- Coral possesses a fragile calcareous exoskeleton
- Very slow growing animal with growth rate less than 1cm per year in some coral species
- Grow at above 10m water depth



